SAFETY DATA SHEET

MONOCHLOROSILANE

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: MONOCHLOROSILANE
Product code	: Not available.
Chemical name	: chlorosilane
Other means of identification	: MCS
Product type	: Liquefied gas.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Not available.
Area of application	: Industrial applications.
Manufacturer	: REC Silicon Inc. 119140 Rick Jones Way Butte, MT 59750
	Telephone:(406)-496-9877
	Emergency telephone number (24 h): (406)-496-9877
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: recsiliconSDS@recsilicon.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC : 1-800-424-9300 Ccn#403

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: H220FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1H280GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gasH331ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3H314SKIN CORROSION - Category 1BH318SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 H220 - Extremely flammable gas. H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H331 - Toxic if inhaled.
Precautionary statements	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 02/23/2023 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 1/1

English (US)

United States

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P261 - Avoid breathing gas. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	 P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. P381 - In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources. P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	 P405 - Store locked up. P410 + P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	 CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. CGA-PG05 - Use back flow preventive device in piping. CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty. CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. CGA-PG12 - Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. CGA-PG18 - When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug. CGA-PG20 - Use only equipment of compatible material construction.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: CGA-HG01 - May cause frostbite. CGA-HG04 - May form explosive mixtures with air. CGA-HG22 - Causes respiratory tract burns.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Substance
Chemical name	: chlorosilane
Other means of	: MCS
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : 13465-78-6			
Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
chlorosilane	-	100	13465-78-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.			
: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.			
: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. In case of contact with liquid, warm frozen tissues slowly with lukewarm water and get medical attention. Do not rub affected area. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.			
: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. If frostbite occurs, get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. As this product rapidly becomes a gas when released, refer to the inhalation section.			

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled. Corrosive to the respiratory system.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or frostbite.
Ingestion	: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Over-exposure signs/s	symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness frostbite
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur frostbite

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: frostbite
		stomach pains
Indication of immediate med	<u>dical</u>	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Extinguish fires of this gas by shutting off the source of the gas. Use water only in flooding quantities as fog. Cool fire exposed package with water spray, from the maximum distance possible. Carbon Dioxide and dry chemicals can also be used to extinguish fires of gas.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Water should be used to cool the package only as this gas reacts violently with water to produce highly toxic, flammable, and corrosive compounds.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Spontaneously flammable in air. Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. May re-ignite itself after fire is extinguished. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides hydrogen chloride hydrogen silicon (Oxide.)
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. For incidents involving large quantities, thermally insulated undergarments and thick textile or leather gloves should be worn.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	1	tools and explosion-proof equipment.	Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof
Large spill	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: information and Section 13 for waste dispos	see Section 1 for emergency contact

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. This product should be handled using appropriate techniques that avoid exposure to atmospheric oxygen and moisture. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use non-sparking tools.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep under an inert atmosphere. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters					
Occupational exposure limit	<u>ts</u>				
Ingredient name		Exposure limits			
chlorosilane		None.			
Biological exposure indices None known.					
Appropriate engineering controls	primary or secondary risks exhaust ventilation or other contaminants below any re	ntilation. Engineering controls may be required to control the associated with this product. Use process enclosures, local rengineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne commended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also r dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use equipment.			
Environmental exposure controls	comply with the requireme fume scrubbers, filters or e	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure the comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Individual protection measure	es				
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using techniques should be used	d face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate I to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash ore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers n location.			
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this i or dusts. If contact is poss assessment indicates a hig	with an approved standard should be used when a risk is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases ible, the following protection should be worn, unless the gher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or azards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.			
Skin protection					
Hand protection	worn at all times when han necessary. If contact with temperatures should be we manufacturer, check durin properties. It should be no be different for different glo several substances, the pro Breakthrough time:> 8 hou				
Body protection	performed and the risks in this product. When there i	nent for the body should be selected based on the task being volved and should be approved by a specialist before handling s a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static e greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should boots and gloves.			
Other skin protection		any additional skin protection measures should be selected erformed and the risks involved and should be approved by a this product.			

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Thermal hazards	: If there is a risk of contact with the liquid, all protective equipment worn should be suitable for use with extremely low temperature materials.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance						
Physical state	:	Gas. [Liquefied gas]				
Color	:	Colorless.	Colorless.			
Odor	:	nydrochloric acid				
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	lot available.			
рН	:	Not applicable.				
Melting point/freezing point	:	-118°C (-180.4°F)				
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	-30.4°C (-22.7°F)				
Flash point	1	Not applicable.	Not applicable.			
Evaporation rate	1	82 (butyl acetate = 1)				
Flammability	1		Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.			
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Lower: 4.6 to 4.8% Upper: 94 to 98%				
Vapor pressure		313.6 kPa (2352.2 mmHg) @ 0 °C (32 °F)				
Relative vapor density	1	2.3 [Air = 1]				
Relative density	:	• •	0.9 [Water = 1]			
Density	11	Not applicable.				
Solubility(ies)	:	Media	Result			
	:	Media water	Result Soluble			
	:					
Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n-	:	water				
Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	water Not available. Pyrophoric				
Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature		water Not available. Pyrophoric				
Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature		water Not available. Pyrophoric Not available.				
Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature SADT		water Not available. Pyrophoric Not available. Not available.				
Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature SADT Viscosity		water Not available. Pyrophoric Not available. Not available. Not applicable.				
Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature SADT Viscosity Flow time (ISO 2431) Molecular weight Particle characteristics		water Not available. Pyrophoric Not available. Not available. Not applicable. Not available. 66.56 g/mole				
Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature SADT Viscosity Flow time (ISO 2431) Molecular weight		water Not available. Pyrophoric Not available. Not available. Not applicable. Not available.				

Date of issue/Date of revision

7/14

English (US)

United States

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	 Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Conditions may include the following: contact with air Reactions may include the following: spontaneous flammability Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow contact with air. Do not allow gas to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: air Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. Incompatible materials: alcohols, air, water, amines, ammonia
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acu	tο	to	vi	t\/
n u	LC.			LV

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
chlorosilane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	4257 ppmV	1 hours
Irritation/Corrosion				
Not available.				
<u>Sensitization</u>				
Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Teratogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
<u>Specific target organ toxicit</u>	<u>y (single exposure)</u>			
Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (repeated exposure)</u>			
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 02/23/2023 Date of previou	is issue : No pre	evious validation 🛛 🗸	ersion :1 8

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely	: Routes of entry anticipated: Inhalation.
routes of exposure Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	 Causes serious eye damage. Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Inhalation	 Toxic if inhaled. Corrosive to the respiratory system.
Skin contact	 Causes severe burns. Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in
Skin contact	freezing of the tissues or frostbite.
Ingestion	: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain
	watering redness
	frostbite
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	respiratory tract irritation
	coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation
	redness
	blistering may occur
	frostbite
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	frostbite stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	. NO KHOWH SIGNICATE ETECTS OF CHILCAI HAZAIUS.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 02/23/2023	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version	: 1	9/14
--------------------------------	--------------	------------------------	--------------------------	---------	-----	------

English (US)

United States

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity estimates

	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	(gases)	(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
chlorosilane	N/A	N/A	2128.5	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

- Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)
- Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3309	UN3309	UN3309
UN proper shipping name	Liquefied gas, toxic, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s. (chlorosilane)	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N. O.S. (chlorosilane)	Liquefied gas, toxic, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s. (chlorosilane)
Date of issue/Date of	revision : 02/23/2023 Date of	l of previous issue : No previous val	l idation Version :1 10/14

Section 14. Transport information

Section 14.	i ransport informa	tion	
Transport	2.3 (2.1, 8)	2.3 (2.1, 8)	2.3 (2.1, 8)
hazard class(es)	PINALATED HAZARD 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional informa	ation		
DOT Classificatio	<u>Limited quantity</u> <u>Packaging instr</u> <u>Quantity limitati</u> <u>Special provisio</u>	uction Exceptions: None. Non-bulk: on Passenger aircraft/rail: Forbidder ons 1 edules _F-D_, S-U	
ΙΑΤΑ	Forbidden. Carg	on Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: Fo o Aircraft Only: Forbidden. Packagin enger Aircraft: Forbidden. Packaging ons A2	g instructions: Forbidden. Limited
Special precaution		n user's premises: always transpor ire. Ensure that persons transporting dent or spillage.	

Transport in bulk according	1	Not available.
to IMO instruments		

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is active or exempted.
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA 302/304	
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
SARA 311/312	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 02/23/2023 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 11/14

Section 15. Regulatory information

Classification	: FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
	HNOC - Corrosive to respiratory tract
	HNOC - May cause frostbite.
	HNOC - May form explosive mixtures with air.

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
chlorosilane	100	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 HNOC - Corrosive to respiratory tract HNOC - May cause frostbite. HNOC - May form explosive mixtures with air.

SARA 313

Not applicable.

State regulations

Massachusetts	: This material is not listed.
New York	: This material is not listed.
New Jersey	: This material is not listed.
Pennsylvania	: This material is not listed.
<u>California Prop. 65</u>	

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

12/14

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B	Expert judgment
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION

History

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 02/23/2023
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: Sphera
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate AMP = Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations
References	: HCS (U.S.A.) - Hazard Communication Standard International transport regulations
Indicates information that	has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision